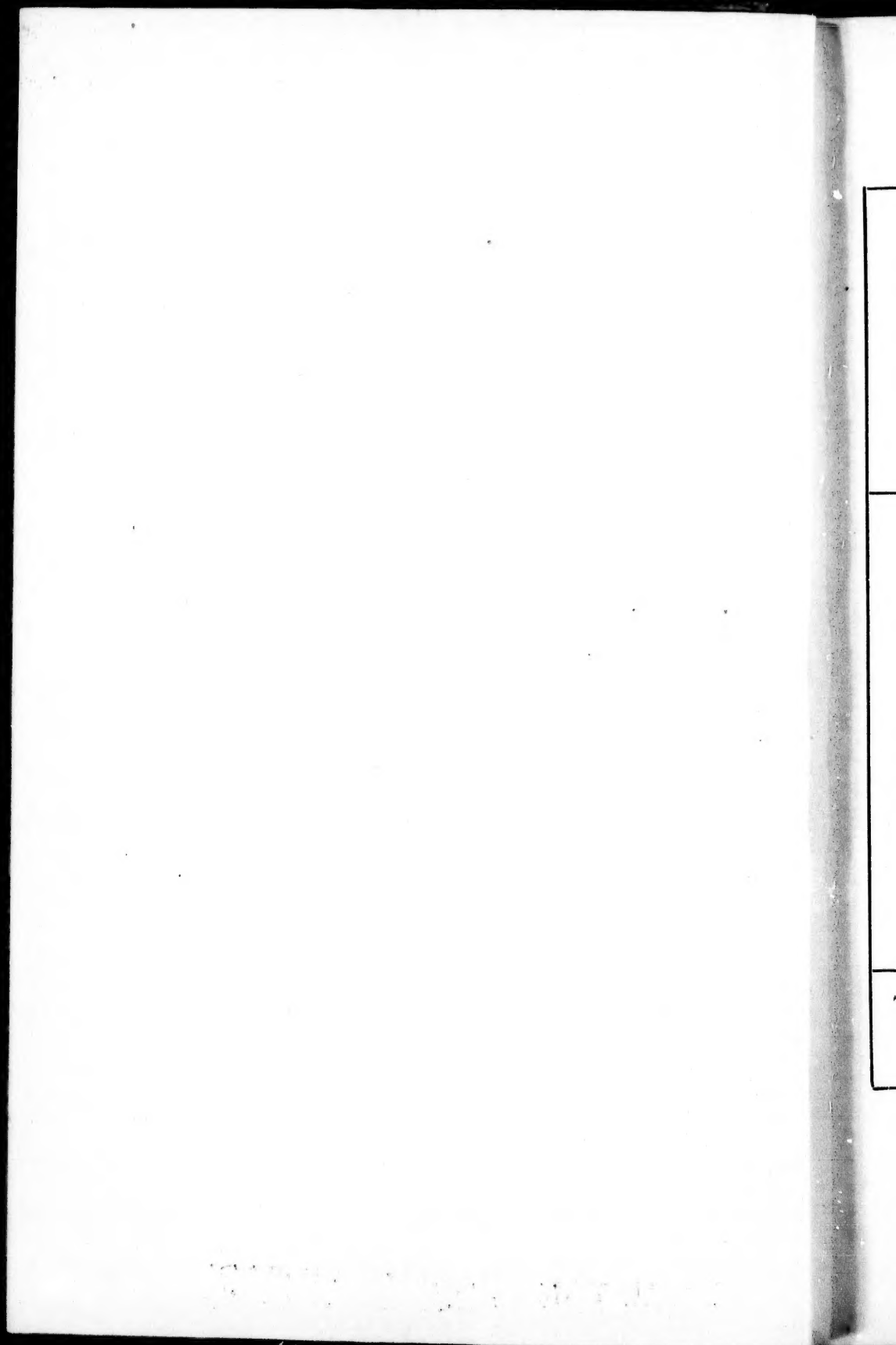


LIFE IN A LOOK





LIFE IN A LOOK

By

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Bishop of Huron



THE MUSSON BOOK CO., LIMITED

TORONTO, CANADA

LONDON, ENGLAND

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JUN 15 1964

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PREFACE

LIFE in a look ! How wondrous !
Not life as the reward of weary
toil ; the result of agonizing
efforts ; the purchase of money,
of tears, or of prayers, but Life—eternal,
blessed life, as the result of a believing
look to the Lord Jesus Christ, the Son
of God, and Redeemer of the world.

The agony of the lost will be the terrible
reflection that they might have had life
if they had only looked, but they would
not.

He that was poor on earth is not now
able to say, I had no money, and therefore
I could not buy it ; nor he that was
always busy, I had no time to attend to it.

Life was offered them as a gift, if they
would only look to Jesus Christ, and by

PREFACE

Him be saved ; but even this was rejected. And now, confounded by the sense of their own guilt, they must admit the awful justice of His dread judgment. They are without excuse.

Reader, this life is now offered you on the same terms : life in a look. If some one showed you how, by a bold adventure, you would secure untold wealth, would you not at least look into his scheme ? To-day God says : " Come now, and let us reason together," and as you listen, He says : " Behold the Lamb of God that taketh away the sin of the world." " He that believeth on Him hath everlasting life."

Such are God's conditions *to-day*. *To-morrow*, you may be in eternity, where the salvation of Christ may be beyond your reach for ever.

Some men have amassed enormous wealth—some soldiers have gained decisive victories—by seizing the critical moment,

PREFACE

when everything depended on immediate action. Whilst others were deliberating, they had executed their design: the opportunity was grasped, the prize secured.

TO-DAY may be the critical moment with you. It may be the very *last* day when life may be obtained by a believing look at Christ—the last day when the Son of God will turn to you, and ask you to repent, believe, and live. Delay not, lest the opportunity, being neglected, may never return.

When the steamship *London*, some years ago, was endeavouring to cross the Bay of Biscay, she sank with nearly all her crew. The reason of her loss was, neglect of the critical moment when she might have turned back. On she went, neglecting every warning; until, at last, advance and retreat were alike impossible, and then, with one terrible plunge, she sank for ever.

MAURICE S. BALDWIN.

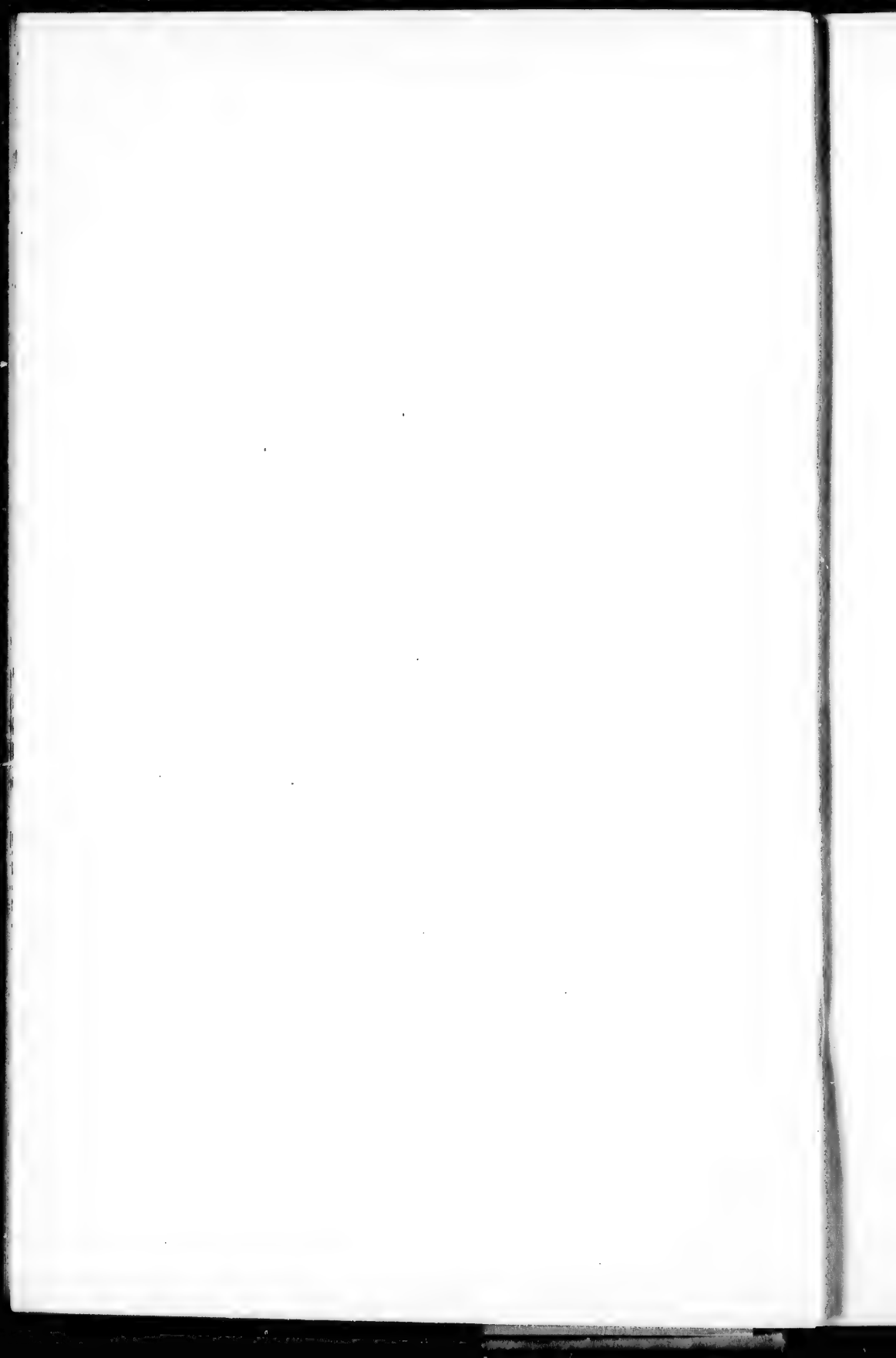
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CHAPTER I

THE NECESSITY OF THE NEW BIRTH

AM I wrong in supposing you wish How to be
Saved
to know **HOW TO BE SAVED ?**

If I am, and you really care nothing for the subject, please, nevertheless, read on. In these pages, you will find nothing but that which really concerns **YOURSELF** ; and that which concerns ourselves, demands at least our careful attention. If, on the contrary, you really wish for this knowledge, then the very *first* truth you have to learn is : **THE VITAL NECESSITY OF THE NEW BIRTH.** This was the first doctrine our blessed Lord taught Nicodemus, and this is the first, I am sure, He would teach **YOU.**

In the third chapter of St. John's Gospel we read that Nicodemus, a learned ruler

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Teacher
from God

of the Jews, came to Jesus by night, apparently to inquire of Him the way of salvation. "*Rabbi,*" said Nicodemus, "*we know that Thou art a teacher come from God: for no man can do these miracles that Thou doest, except God be with him.*" There is much to admire in Nicodemus. He evidently had far higher views of the Lord Jesus, than many of his own nation. The Pharisees said of Christ: "*He casteth out devils by Beelzebub, the chief of the devils.*" Others were heard to say: "*He deceiveth the people.*" But Nicodemus uttered no such blasphemy; on the contrary, he thought the Saviour was a true Prophet. He comes to Him and says: "*Rabbi, we know that Thou art a TEACHER COME FROM GOD.*" It was a great truth to know, even though he knew no more than this; for certainly Christ was a teacher and much more than a teacher; He was what no prophet ever was—not even such men as Isaiah or

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Daniel—"THE LIGHT OF THE WORLD." Thousands in our day go as far as this, and here *halt*. Jews, who reject Christ as their Redeemer, but yet in some sense consider Him a great Reformer—Sceptics who would subvert, if possible, half the Bible—Professing Christians, ignorant of the *life* that is in Christ—all may be heard to-day addressing the Lord Jesus in the exact words of Nicodemus : " Rabbi, we know Thou art a *teacher* come from God." Nothing more ; simply one of the many teachers come from God, to enlighten and to bless the world. What Nicodemus had to learn—what thousands of professing Christians need to know—what indeed the whole world shall yet be made to see—is, that Christ is *more* than a teacher come from God ; He is **THE RESURRECTION AND THE LIFE**. Eternal life dwells in Him, " for as the Father hath life in Himself, so hath He given to the Son to have life in Himself."

The Light
of the
World

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Eternal
Life

Therefore, until we know Christ as our **LIFE**, we know Him not. "He that hath the Son, hath **LIFE**; and he that hath not the Son of God, hath **NOT** life." "*God hath given to us eternal life; and this life is in His Son.*"

And now, I will ask you carefully to weigh our Lord's answer to Nicodemus. Its striking peculiarity is, that it seems to have no apparent connection with the words of Nicodemus; and yet, doubtless, it was the exact answer he needed. The learned Jew had begun the interview by saying: "Rabbi, we know that Thou art a teacher come from God." This remark the Saviour passes by; and, addressing Himself to the great truth of which Nicodemus was most profoundly ignorant, namely, his need of a new birth, He utters these memorable words: "**VERILY, VERILY, I SAY UNTO THEE, EXCEPT A MAN BE BORN AGAIN, HE CANNOT SEE THE KINGDOM OF GOD.**"

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These words of the Lord Jesus are as directly addressed to *YOU*, reader, as they were to Nicodemus ; that is, if you have not yet experienced this new birth. Seeing they are for *your* everlasting life, and that the speaker is none other than Jesus Christ Himself, I implore you, both earnestly and prayerfully, to weigh them.

Spiritual
Life

Observe, first, *Christ goes to the very root of things*. He says spiritual LIFE begins with spiritual BIRTH.

Men see physical activity all about them, and they know that in each case this activity had its origin in *birth*. There was first birth, then development, then manhood, and with manhood, ceaseless industry of mind and body. In spiritual matters, however, thousands who fully admit the above, will persist in *reversing* this well-known law. The idea to which they most tenaciously cling is, that if they can only DO those things which are

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Living
Members

pleasing in God's sight, *then* God will grant them life. But in spiritual matters, as in physical, life is *first*, activity afterwards.

You meet a man anxiously pressing toward the cemetery, and, stopping him, ask the cause. "I have just obtained," he says, "a large contract, and want men to enable me to fulfil it."

"But why go, of all places, to the cemetery?" you again ask—"none are there, but the dead."

"The very reason why I *do* go," he replies—"unemployed hands there, sir! unemployed hands! I have something for them to do."

"The man's mad," you say.

No doubt he is, but not more so, in a spiritual sense, than he who addresses a whole congregation, dead in trespasses and sins, as if they were all **LIVING** members of Jesus Christ; and, taking all the precepts of the Christian life, asks

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those who have not yet been born, nor Breath begun to BREATHE, to carry them out in their daily lives.

How often, for instance, do we hear this text given out: "*So run that ye may obtain,*" and then the glorious and completed salvation of the Son of God is described as a race in which the swiftest runner alone obtains eternal life. The congregation, largely composed of people absolutely dead before God, are then exhorted by all means to run this race and by all means to obtain this life. It is just this outrageous perversion of the Word of God, which utterly misleads thousands; it bolsters them up with the false idea that they are the children of God, when they are not; it is a going to the DEAD to give them employment; assigning labour to those who have no life; and the result is utter and hopeless failure. Spiritual life only begins with spiritual birth: and as those to whom I

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Human
Effort

allude, have not been *born* of the Spirit, they can no more fulfil the precepts of the Christian life than you, friend, can fly with the eagle, or race with the lightning of heaven.

Secondly : These words of Christ clearly prove the **UTTER HELPLESSNESS OF ALL HUMAN EFFORT.**

One thing may safely be said of Nicodemus, and that is, he was thoroughly in earnest. There was, therefore, nothing within the range of human possibility he would not gladly have done at the suggestion of our Lord. Had Christ told him his sorrow for his past sins was not deep enough, he would have humbled himself profoundly. Had Christ commanded the immediate surrender of all his goods to feed the poor, doubtless he would have hastened to obey ;—but our Lord says none of these things. He gives him, in fact, **NOTHING TO DO.** He prescribes

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no fasts, no tears, no human effort ; Born again
only utters these words—so dark and
inexplicable to the mind of Nicodemus—
“ *Except a man be born again, he cannot
see the kingdom of God.*”

As long as a man thinks there is some-
thing to do, and by the doing of which he
can procure his salvation—no matter
what that something may be—he will
never despair. If he fail in his effort
to-day, he will only try the more to-
morrow ; but when at last the conviction
is forced upon him that he is absolutely
helpless, lost, and dead, and that he must
be BORN AGAIN—then he sees, for the
first time, that God requires something
utterly BEYOND his power.

Now a man may make the most costly
sacrifices, he may even go as far as laying
down his life in the fond hope of pleasing
God thereby, but there is *one* thing he can
not do, and that is, effect his own new
birth. Yet our Lord says positively,

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Cannot See "Except a man be born again, he CANNOT SEE the kingdom of God." It follows, therefore, that the unsaved sinner is thrown back on the power and grace of God. His own efforts in this matter are utterly unavailing. This only can he do : speechless, lay his hand upon his mouth ; humbled, bend down his face to the dust ; and thus, in silence, *listen*, saying : " I will *hear* what God the Lord will speak."

But many people say : " Does not St. Paul command, ' Work out your own salvation with fear and trembling ' ? and does not this precept teach us that salvation is the result of a life-long struggle ? "

By no means. To whom did the Apostle utter this command ? Was it to the Court of Nero ?—to the gladiators of the circus ? —to men dead in trespasses and sins ? No, it was to the Philippian Christians—to men and women rejoicing in the truth. His very letter is thus addressed : " To all the SAINTS in Christ Jesus which are

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at Philippi." Now, no man can be a Salvation saint while the wrath of God abides on him, and the wrath of God abides on *all* who are not "*justified by faith*": it abides, in other words, on all who are unsaved; but the Philippians were "*justified by faith*," and as such, were saved
—BORN AGAIN.

What, then, does the Apostle mean when he says, "*Work out your own salvation with fear and trembling*"?

Undoubtedly he means the salvation you *have already* received—not the salvation you are to obtain—and we are to do so "with fear and trembling," lest we should dishonour our Lord, and lose the recompense of the reward.* (See 1 Cor. 3. 14.)

* This idea is well expressed by the Church of England in her Tenth Article: "Wherefore we have no power to do goods work pleasant and acceptable to God, without the grace of God by Christ preventing (going before) us, that we may have a good will, and working with us, when we have that good will."

LIFE IN A LOOK

Its Vital
Necessity

No, there is nothing you can DO, but, as LOST and HELPLESS, listen to the words of Christ.

Again : *Our Lord's words teach the vital NECESSITY of the new birth.*

Whatever opinions we may hold about the new birth, there is *one* point on which all must be agreed, and that is, ITS VITAL NECESSITY. Our Lord does not say : " Except a man be born again, it will be ages of time before he enters the kingdom of God ; " no—nor, " Except a man be born again, he will never enjoy the *same* degree of glory ; " but, " Except a man be born again, he cannot SEE," that is, comprehend, " the kingdom of God."

You will therefore see the absolute necessity of *your* obtaining this new birth. Whatever its meaning—whatever event it points to—its vital importance is awfully evident. Our Lord says : " Without it, no man can ever SEE the kingdom of God."

LIFE IN A LOOK

Further : *Our Lord's words teach us* ^{Heavenly Birth} *that the birth He refers to is a HEAVENLY birth.*

Literally, the word " again " is, " FROM ABOVE." Now, we have all had one birth *from beneath* ; that is, our natural, physical birth, when we came into the world ; but Christ says we need another—one from above. *When*, therefore, we have this birth from above, we are, in our Lord's language, born of the Spirit ; we have experienced this wondrous birth, without which no man can see the kingdom of God. I would have you also notice that the two births, the physical and the spiritual, NEVER OCCUR TOGETHER. Man was altogether " born in sins," with a " heart deceitful above all things, and desperately wicked." Indeed, so strongly is this pointed out, that St. Paul tells us, in the 8th chapter of Romans, "*The mind of the flesh* (' the carnal mind,' in our version) is ENMITY AGAINST

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Enmity
against
God

GOD." It is not merely *at* enmity, but the very *principle*—it is enmity itself.

St. Paul further affirms two other truths, of this natural heart of ours : *first*, "that it is not subject to the law of God ;" and *second*, "neither indeed CAN be."

Born, therefore, with such a heart as this, do you not indeed need to be BORN AGAIN? And surely it is apparent to you, that no one receives these two births, that is, the physical and the spiritual, at one and the same time ; for then, our spiritual birth could no more be a matter of injunction or command, than our physical ; we should ALL be *regenerated* people from our very entrance into the world, and no one would need to be saved, since all would be saved already.

With this subject, I wish to draw your attention to an expression, very common, but one thoroughly unscriptural. I refer to the oft-used phrase, "a *change* of

LIFE IN A LOOK

heart." It does not occur in the whole ^{Good Heart} range of Scripture. We find in Daniel that a watcher said, concerning Nebuchadnezzar, "*Let his heart be changed from man's, and let a beast's heart be given unto him ;*" but from Genesis to Revelation there is no passage which teaches that God **CHANGES** the natural evil heart into a **GOOD HEART**. We find such expressions as a "new heart," "another heart," a "new spirit," but never a *changed heart*. The truth is, that God never mends, renews, or changes the natural heart. What He says, is—"A **NEW** heart also will I give you, and a **NEW** spirit will I put within you." Our Lord, therefore, in speaking to Nicodemus, did not say : "Except a man's heart be renewed or changed, he shall not see the kingdom of God ;" but,—"**Except a man be BORN AGAIN.**"

LIFE IN A LOOK

Trusting
Jesus

TRUSTING JESUS

I am trusting Thee, Lord Jesus,
Trusting only Thee !
Trusting Thee for full salvation,
Great and free.

I am trusting Thee for pardon,
At Thy feet I bow ;
For Thy grace and tender mercy
Trusting now.

I am trusting Thee for cleansing,
In the crimson flood ;
Trusting Thee to make me holy,
By Thy blood.

I am trusting Thee to guide me,
Thou alone shalt lead,
Every day and hour supplying
All my need.

I am trusting Thee, Lord Jesus,
Never let me fall !
I am trusting Thee for ever,
And for all.

CHAPTER II

THE NATURE OF THE NEW BIRTH

THE Saviour's words fell on heavy ^{The Spirit} ears. Not the faintest idea of the truth He uttered passed through the mind of Nicodemus ; for, supposing our Lord to be speaking of a physical birth, he asks with astonishment : " How can a man be born when he is old ? can he enter the second time into his mother's womb and be born ? " To this the Redeemer makes the memorable reply, " Verily, verily, I say unto thee, except a man be born of WATER and of THE SPIRIT, he cannot enter into the kingdom of God." Our first inquiry therefore must be, What did our Lord mean by the expression

" BORN OF WATER " ?

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Born of
Water

Water is used in Scripture to signify the perfect cleansing which Christ effects in His people, including not only His purging of our sins by His most precious blood, but also His cleansing us from our own carnal and deceitful hearts.

We find the word "water" repeatedly occurring in Scripture, as a striking and beautiful type of the Gospel of Jesus Christ. For instance: "Ho, every one that thirsteth, come ye to the waters, and he that hath no money; come ye, buy, and eat; yea, come, buy wine and milk without money and without price" (Isa. 55. 1). Here we have an invitation for all who are in want, to come and partake of the rich bounty of the Gospel feast—the unsearchable riches of Christ, made known to us in that Gospel which is the power of God unto salvation, to every one that believeth.

When our Lord was upon earth, men had manifest proofs of His power; they

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saw for themselves His astounding mir-^{Christ}
acles; they had the evidence of His ^{Ascended}
actual being before their eyes; and
therefore, in many cases, their faith was
the result of sight. Now, all this is
changed, and men are asked to believe,
not on the evidence of that which they
see, but on the testimony of that which
they *hear*. Even when our Lord was on
earth, He asserted the superior blessedness
of that faith which arose from hearing,
without actual sight. "Thomas," said
He, "because thou hast seen Me, thou
hast believed: blessed are they that have
not seen, and yet have believed."

Christ is now on high, seated in glory,
but before He ascended, He assured His
disciples that it was expedient for them
that He should go away and leave them;
and the reason He assigns for so great a
change, is, that the Dispensation which
was immediately to follow was to be
the Dispensation of the Spirit. He was

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Holy Spirit no longer visibly to tread the earth ; men were no longer with their own eyes to see Him raising the dead, healing the sick, calming the sea, feeding the hungry, or casting out unclean spirits with His word. In His room He would send the *Holy Spirit*, not to work on the external organs, but to convince the understanding, and to win the heart. And this the Spirit now does, not drawing sinners to *Himself*, but to the *Lord Jesus Christ* ; for, speaking of the Spirit, our Lord says : " He shall TESTIFY OF ME " (John 15. 26). His work, therefore, is to uplift the person, the work, and the kingdom of the Lord Jesus Christ. *He* brings home to the soul of the sinner, God's record concerning His Son ; He convinces him of his unutterable need of that salvation which the Father has provided in Christ ; and He it is who enables the sinner to accept the eternal gift—to believe and live for ever.

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But how can the Spirit testify without a The Bible testimony? How can He speak to the heart of the sinner, unless He have a message from the Father to convey to him?

A testimony, a message, He must have; and that testimony—that message He has in the BIBLE, the *Word* of the eternal God.

The Holy Spirit therefore, in leading a lost one to Christ, does not bring before his eyes physical miracles; nor does He scare him with dreams, or overcome his judgment with appeals to the sensuous and emotional. On the contrary, He speaks to the conscience through the testimony of God's Word. A person knows not how—but suddenly, and with great power, a passage of Scripture is brought home to him. It is no new revelation, but a well-known verse he has read and heard a thousand times before; now it comes down into his soul, with a reality

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The Word and conviction unfelt before. He wonders what it all means. *It is the Holy Ghost applying God's written Word to his conscience*; opening his eyes, and arousing his mind to hear the eternal truths which make for everlasting life.

Such, then, is the way in which the Spirit acts; His message is the Word of God; and His work is to apply this Word to the consciences of those who either read it themselves or have it through others.

Thus we see clearly the way in which people are saved. First, the Word of God, declaring the way in which alone God will justify sinners, namely, through faith in the Lord Jesus Christ. And secondly—the Holy Spirit applying that Word with saving power to the heart of man.

The WORD and the HOLY SPIRIT are, therefore, God's two great agents in the salvation of men. If the Holy Spirit were

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alone on earth, without the Word of God, ^{Begotten} He could not bear testimony to the ^{You} truth concerning Jesus Christ; and if, on the other hand, the Bible were by itself on earth, without the presence of the Spirit, no one would be saved, "for the natural man (that is, the unrenewed heart) receiveth not the things of the Spirit of God: for they are FOOLISHNESS unto him; and he CANNOT know them, because they are spiritually discerned" (1 Cor. 2. 14). Such being the case, we might expect our Lord to declare that: "Except a man be born of water and of *the Spirit*, he cannot enter into the kingdom of God."

St. Paul, writing to the Corinthians, says: "In Christ Jesus I have BEGOTTEN YOU THROUGH THE GOSPEL" (1 Cor. 4. 15). So also St. James: "Of His own will BEGAT HE US WITH THE WORD OF TRUTH" (Jas. 1. 18). St. Peter's testimony is also to the same

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God's
Word

effect : " Being BORN AGAIN, not of corruptible seed, but of incorruptible, by THE WORD OF GOD, which liveth and abideth for ever " (1 Pet. 1. 23).

To be born, therefore, of WATER, is to be born by the agency of GOD'S WORD ; and to be born of *the Spirit*, is to be born through the Holy Ghost using that Word.

Now, there are many who believe that by this word " water " we are to understand baptism. I wish therefore to say on what grounds I *utterly* dissent from such an interpretation.

First : *If water be explained here as being the literal water of baptism, all mention of the Redeemer's work in the regeneration of man is excluded from a sentence in which Christ is teaching what is the VERY NATURE of regeneration.*

Our Lord is speaking of the regeneration of man ; He mentions two agents, water and the Spirit. Of these, the latter we know to be the Holy Ghost, without whom

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man cannot possibly be regenerated; ^{Holy Ghost} the other is "water." Now, if this be interpreted as literal water, it would teach that man is regenerated by the Holy Ghost and the simple element of water—without any mention of the work of Christ. This is irreconcilable with the fact, that the Bible teems with statements to the effect, that we have life *only* from the Lord Jesus Christ. He Himself says: "I am the life." St. John adds: "He that hath the Son hath life and he that hath not the Son of God, hath not life." For this reason, as well as that already adduced, namely, that Christians are directly stated to be begotten through the Gospel, I deem it wholly improbable that our Lord ascribes regeneration here to the Holy Ghost and literal water.

Secondly: *It is according to analogy, or what we know of other parts of Scripture, to believe that water is here mentioned as a TYPE of something deeper, and therefore*

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Water

not to be taken in its literal signification.

In explaining the words, "Except a man be born of water," many urge that the word "water" must be understood in its literal sense, and affirm that no other interpretation is reasonable. In reply, I may say, there is no word of more varied significance in the whole Bible than this word "water." For example, in this same Gospel, we have no less than three distinct occurrences of the word water, and in each place a totally different signification is evidently demanded. The passages are : Chap. 3. 5 ; Chap. 4. 13, 14 ; and Chap. 7. 37, 38, 39.

Now let it be granted for argument's sake, that when our Lord spoke to Nicodemus, He meant literal water ; it follows, then, that when He addressed the woman at the well, He meant literal water *also*, and would have her understand that, instead of water from *that* well, He would

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give her the water of Baptism, and Baptism Gift of God would be in her a well of water, springing up into everlasting life. Now, no one seriously believes such to be the interpretation of the passage, as it is evident that our Lord designed to impress upon her mind a deep, life-giving truth, which she utterly failed to comprehend. By water, our Lord means *here* "eternal life." The "gift of God," says the Apostle Paul, "is eternal life in Christ Jesus our Lord" (Rom. 6. 23). In the seventh chapter of St. John, we find our Lord again speaking of water—"living water." Here, however, we have positive inspiration to tell us what He meant: "But this spake He of the Spirit, which they that believe on Him should receive." Thus water *here* means the Holy Ghost. It follows, therefore, that we have the word water used in three different meanings in the third, fourth, and seventh chapters of St. John. That water is thus

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Baptism

variously to be explained, admits of no doubt, and therefore we may the more readily see its force in the passage before us (John 3. 5), as indicating that great element by which God quickens the spiritually dead, namely, His Word.

Thirdly : *If by water were meant Christian Baptism, the Old Testament saints lacked the main element in regeneration, for they were never baptized.*

Baptism is essentially a New Testament ordinance, and therefore, if our Lord were stating something absolutely new, we can hardly understand His surprise at the ignorance of Nicodemus. "Art thou," He said, "a master of Israel, and knowest not these things?" Nicodemus may have seen proselytes baptized, but neither he nor his fathers had ever seen that ordinance administered to one born in the faith of Israel. Indeed, if we insist that water here can only mean Christian baptism, we must exclude apparently from regenera-

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tion, and therefore from salvation, all those Old Testament saints whose rest, we know, is secured ; all children dying unbaptized ; all who at their last moments may be utterly unable to obtain baptism ; even the very thief to whom our Lord on the Cross said : " This day shalt thou be with Me in Paradise," besides hosts of others who, for doctrinal reasons, have not received this rite.

Preach the Gospel

Fourthly : *If Baptism be God's great way of regenerating men, it is utterly beyond the power of any one to explain certain passages and facts of Scripture.*

St. Paul, for instance, says : " I thank God that I baptized none of you, but Crispus and Gaius ; . . . for Christ sent me NOT TO BAPTIZE, but to PREACH THE GOSPEL " (1 Cor. i. 17). Now such language is utterly inexplicable if the water of baptism be the great means of regenerating men ; for surely, the great Apostle would hardly thank God

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Born of
Spirit

he had had no part in the work of saving the Corinthians, and surely Christ Himself would not have sent His servant to do the *less* and omit the *greater* work.

We now come to

"BORN OF THE SPIRIT."

In nothing is Scripture clearer than in its testimony concerning the lost condition of him who is yet in his sins, that is, the unregenerate man. Such an one, it declares, is a criminal. Having refused the salvation which is in Christ, and the blood which cleanseth from sin, his guilt is ever before God ; it rises up like a cloud, calling for judgment, and therefore, while he is in this state—separate from Christ through unbelief—emphatically it declares he shall not SEE life, but that the wrath of God abideth on him.

Far otherwise, however, is it with him who has fled for refuge to lay hold upon the hope set before us in the Gospel ;

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he stands *justified from all things*. His ^{Righteous-}
glorious Substitute, the Lamb of God, has ^{ness}
borne his sins and taken his place in
wrath ; the penalty of death, justly due
to his guilt, has been endured by Christ ;
and this sacrifice of the Son of God having
been accepted by the Father as the full
and eternal satisfaction for all his sins,
he stands absolutely **FREE, UNCHARGED**
WITH FAULT BEFORE GOD.

But this is not all. Not only is the
believer for ever delivered from death by
virtue of the sacrifice of his chosen Sub-
stitute, but this same Substitute, even
Jesus Christ, is made unto him an ever-
lasting **RIGHTEOUSNESS**. As, there-
fore, the righteousness of Christ is of
infinite merit, it follows, that as *Christ*
is precious, so is the *believer* precious to
the Father. Thus, accepted in the Be-
loved, he stands wholly in the righteous-
ness of Another.

Such then—the infinite merit of Christ

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Heir of
Glory

—constitutes the **ONLY RIGHT** of the believer to stand before God and say : “ I know Thou hast for ever saved me. This is my only plea, as a child of God, and an heir of glory.”

So much then for his *right* to call God his Father in Christ, and to rest in that peace which comes from being justified by faith. His acceptance, his whole standing, rests entirely on the Lord Jesus Christ.

We now proceed to another and equally momentous question, namely,

What DISPOSITION is that, in the believer, by which, with the aid of the Holy Spirit, he is enabled to serve God ?

Certainly he has none in his own natural heart, that being “deceitful above all things and desperately wicked.” “It is not subject to the law of God, **NEITHER INDEED CAN BE.**” In the emphatic

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language of St. Paul, the mind of the Death
flesh, that is, the natural heart, is DEATH.
Now, can the reader for one moment
imagine, that with such a heart, *any*
man can serve God? Sooner will water
help fire to burn brighter, than our natural
heart minister to the service of God.
Observe, it is not *inability* to keep abreast
of God's law, to which I allude. It is not
as if I said: As well might an eagle race
with the lightning as our natural heart
keep up to the perfect law of God; for
in that case, the eagle might fly very
swiftly, though unsuccessfully. There
would be *failure*, but not *antagonism*.
With our natural heart it is far otherwise,
"it is not subject to the law of God,
neither indeed *can* be." To trust in this
heart—to believe that it either can or
will serve God—is like letting loose a wild
zebra of the desert, in the fond hope that
afterwards it will return at your call.
It cannot possibly do so; its whole nature

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Creates
Anew

revolts against the yoke ; it hates all restraint, and like the winds, it must be free.

Two mistakes in connection with this truth are very common ; they are the following :—

First : *Many imagine that on their believing, God will change this natural, evil heart, and make it holy and good ; while, secondly, others suppose the natural heart will be wholly done away with, so that it will not even exist.*

Now, with regard to the first of these errors, nothing is clearer than that God does not **CHANGE** the natural heart into that which is good and holy. God does no mending, no refurbishing ; He **CREATES ANEW**. What, therefore, we do find in the Word of God is, the doctrine of a new creation. St. Paul says : “ Therefore, if any man be in Christ, he is a **NEW CREATURE** ” (2 Cor. 5. 17). And again : “ For in Christ Jesus neither

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circumcision availeth anything, nor un-^{Created} circumcision, but a **NEW CREATURE** " (Gal. 6. 15). "For we," that is, believers, "are His workmanship, **CREATED** in Christ Jesus" (Eph. 2. 10). The old heart, therefore, will not be remade, or changed; on the contrary, it will continue to the end the same utterly hostile and corrupt nature that it was at first.

The *second* error is refuted by the constant statement of the Apostles, as well as by the bitter experience of God's people in all ages, and in all lands. Who can read the Epistles of St. Paul, without seeing how terribly he had to struggle with an evil heart within? "I know," he says, "that in me (that is, in my flesh) dwelleth **NO GOOD THING**" (Rom. 7. 18). "I find," he adds, "a law, that when I would do good, *evil is present with me*. For I delight in the law of God after the inward man; but I see

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Law of Sin another law **IN MY MEMBERS**, warring against the law of my mind, and bringing me into captivity to the **LAW OF SIN** which is in my members. O wretched man that I am ! who shall deliver me from the body of this death ? I thank God through Jesus Christ our Lord." In a remarkable passage in Galatians, the same Apostle declares : " The flesh lusteth against the Spirit, and the Spirit against the flesh : and these are contrary the one to the other " (Gal. 5. 17). These texts I quote, to show how desperately opposed to God's grace the natural heart is. It is true, we shall be wholly free from its contaminating presence when with Christ in glory ; true, that even here, by virtue of our union with the risen Redeemer, we are *legally* free from its **DOMINION**, and may *actually* be so from its **BONDAGE** ; but we are in this life never free from its conscious presence ; never free from the absolute necessity

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of watching and praying, lest the flesh ^{Blood of Christ} betray us into sin.

And now, by way of illustration, let us suppose the case of a man, who, through grace, has believed on the Lord Jesus Christ.

What is his position ?

The blood of Christ has availed to wash his sins for ever away.

But is this all? Suppose God were now to leave him, would he not soon be as deep in the mire as ever ?

Certainly, only lower down still. You want a servant ; under the hope of reward, a savage offers himself ; you accept his terms, and he enters your service. In an unguarded moment he attacks you, and having robbed you of all your effects, leaves you for dead. On your recovery, you send for him, pardon all his brutality, and inform him you freely forgive his outrage. What have you done? Have you bettered the savage?

LIFE IN A LOOK

A New
Heart

No, not in the least. He was a savage *before* you forgave him, and he is a savage *after* you have forgiven him. He needs *more* than forgiveness; he needs to be made NEW; he needs A NEW HEART.

Now Scripture discloses the great truth that God not only forgives sins; He CREATES a NEW NATURE, that is, He will absolutely call into existence that which before was not in him, and this He will do by the operation of the Holy Spirit. I wish now to call your attention to two truths which should ever be kept clear and distinct in our minds :—

First, our RIGHT to stand before God as accepted, lies wholly in the infinite merit of the Lord Jesus Christ; and secondly, our ABILITY to render God service, lies in the *creation* within us of the “new man,” through the power of the Holy Ghost.

LIFE IN A LOOK

THE NEW MAN

Writing to the Romans, the Apostle ^{Our Old Man} refers to this great truth as follows :

“ Knowing this, that our *old man* was crucified with Him in order that the body of sin might be rendered powerless, that we should no longer serve sin ” (Rom. 6. 6, Alford translation). “ OUR OLD MAN.” To whom does he refer ? In his Epistle to the Galatians, he says : “ I have been crucified with Christ (co-crucified) ; it is, however, no longer I that live, but Christ liveth in me ” (Chap. 2. 20, Ellicott). In comparing these two passages, we find that the “ I ” of Galatians stands for the “ old man ” of Romans ; this “ I ”—this “ old man ” was crucified with Christ ; that is, in the death of Christ, not only did God provide a full satisfaction for the actual sins of His believing people, but He *then* and *there* condemned sin in the flesh, that is to say, God at that

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Crucified time passed judicial sentence of death upon "our corrupt and fallen nature," so that it is NOW, like a man who has been tried, found guilty, and condemned to die ; and is therefore, legally, though not actually, DEAD.

What was true in the case of St. Paul is affirmable of all believers, for of the whole family of faith it is said : " But they who are of Christ Jesus CRUCIFIED the flesh, with its passions and with its desires " (Gal. 5. 24, Alford). They all died with Christ ; they all had the sin which is in their flesh, that is, their " old man," condemned ; they all have been set free in the liberty which is in Christ Jesus.

We now come to the " NEW MAN," who, by the Holy Ghost, has been CREATED in the believer.

St. Paul, writing to the Ephesians, tells them that when they believed on the Lord, they did, at that moment, *put off* the old

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man and *put on* the "new." In pressing ^{The New Man} this vital truth upon them, his language is strong, as he is most anxious they should walk worthy of their risen Lord. "But YE did not so learn Christ; if indeed ye heard Him, and were taught in Him, as is truth in Jesus, namely, that ye put off as concerns the former conversation the old man, which is being corrupted according to the lusts of deceit, and that ye are renewed in the spirit of your minds, and that ye put on **THE NEW MAN, WHICH WAS CREATED AFTER GOD IN RIGHTEOUSNESS AND TRUE HOLINESS**" (Eph. 4. 20-24). Exactly similar to this is the statement in Colossians: "Do not lie one to another, seeing that ye have **PUT OFF** from you **THE OLD MAN** with his deeds; and have **PUT ON THE NEW MAN**, which is renewed in knowledge after the image of **HIM THAT CREATED HIM**" (Chap. 3. 9, 10). So, too, in another passage,

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A New
Creature

where the Apostle is showing how Christ had made both Jewish and Gentile believers new creatures in Himself, he says : " For He (Christ) is our peace, who hath made both one (Jew and Gentile), and hath broken down the middle wall of partition, having abolished in His flesh the enmity, even the law of commandments contained in ordinances ; for to make in Himself of twain one *new man*, so making peace " (Eph. 2. 14, 15). The " new man " here is not merely one who does not stand on national privileges, but one who has spiritually been made new by the Holy Ghost having created in him **THE NEW MAN**. In writing to the Corinthians, the same inspired writer says : " Wherefore if any man be in Christ, **HE IS A NEW CREATURE**" (2 Cor. 5. 17). Not a *reformed* man, but a *new* man, " God's workmanship, **CREATED IN CHRIST JESUS** unto good works " (Eph. 2. 10). And he is this

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“new creature” by virtue of God having The Spirit created in him that which before he possessed not, and thus enabling the believer, through the mighty and ever present help of the Holy Ghost, to walk in the light as Christ is in the light. And this walking in the light is no mere mechanical imitation of Christ, but the result of the Holy Ghost having begotten us anew in Christ Jesus.

In order to make this subject of the New Man clearer, I will ask you to observe three points :

First, the *origin* of its existence ;

Secondly, the *time* when it occurs ;

Thirdly, the *result* of its being within us.

As regards the first, I have already shown it is of God. The Holy Ghost is that Person of the Trinity by whom this is effected, for our Lord distinctly states : “It is the Spirit that quickeneth” (John 6. 63), and that His people are all

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The
Fountain

BORN OF THE SPIRIT. Life dwells in Christ. He is the life-giving one, and therefore he that hath the Son hath life ; but this quickening power Christ has equally with the Father, for, "as the Father raiseth up the dead, and quickeneth them, even so the Son quickeneth whom He will."

Christ, therefore, the fountain, preserver, and fullness of life, is the Author of *our* life. By His Holy Spirit He has quickened us, having created within us **THE NEW MAN.**

As, therefore, we have before seen that our **RIGHT** to stand before God in peace, rests on the merit of **ANOTHER**, even on **THE RIGHTEOUSNESS OF CHRIST**, so now we see that our **ABILITY** to serve Him, rests on the fact of there having been created within us a new nature, in union with the will of God, through life, and in which the Holy Ghost lives to strengthen and guide.

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Secondly, the time when this new ^{The Inward Man} creation takes place is that moment when the sinner first, with the heart, believes in Jesus Christ as his Saviour. As I shall treat of this subject in my third chapter, I must refer the reader to it for a full and definite declaration concerning that life which, by faith, is instantaneously communicated to the soul.

Thirdly, the results of the "new man" being within us are, that we are enabled, through the Holy Ghost assisting us, to walk with God and do His holy will. There is now within the believer that which really does love God so that he can say with the Apostle Paul: "I delight in the law of God after the inward man." He has indeed become a son, and as a son can glorify the Father through the Lord Jesus Christ. Ignorance of this truth leads to the most deplorable results, for it induces people to make a fond effort to try and serve God with an unrenewed

LIFE IN A LOOK

Utter
Failure

mind. Not having received Christ by faith into their hearts, they have only within them a principle which is in direct antagonism to God. Consequently, the effort to "please Him" can only have one result, and that is, utter failure. How often, for instance, have poor drunkards come to the writer, burning with indignation against themselves on account of the degradation into which their own sins and follies had involved them! They have vowed and vowed again to leave all the past behind them, and to give up sin in every form. Their abhorrence of sin has been real; their intention to reform sincere; their prayers earnest, sometimes agonizing; but within a month they have gone back like a dog to its vomit, and a sow that was washed to its wallowing in the mire. People have been in despair at the spectacle, but no other result could be looked for. Vehemency of desire and earnestness in vows will not take the

LIFE IN A LOOK

place of the Lord Jesus Christ, and there-^A Drunkard fore, however much a poor drunkard may desire to reform, until he receives Christ by faith into his heart, he is on the sand, and the house of fond expectations and visionary delights built thereon must inevitably fall. It is true indeed, men may sometimes give up drinking without becoming true Christians, but this is only reform, not salvation ; and it is of salvation that I speak. No, the drunkard, as well as every other unsaved sinner, needs to be **CREATED ANEW** in Christ Jesus, and until he is, he must of necessity be the sport and prey of his own passions. Even an external reformation is often futile ; and this, because these victims of passion trust in a heart which is not subject to the law of God, neither indeed can be ; they trust in their indignation against sin ; in their vehement desires ; in the vows they are taking ; in the strength which they imagine they possess ;

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God's
Workman-
ship

in everything, in fact, except in that which alone would save them, namely, the work of the Lord Jesus Christ. Instead of trusting in Him who is mighty to save, they trust in their own hearts ; and " he that trusteth in his heart," Solomon says, " is a fool."

No, God's plan is wholly different : it is for the lost sinner to look to the Lord Jesus Christ, believe and live for ever ; then, at this moment of his believing, there is created within him a new nature, that **DELIGHTS** in the law of God ; and though it has still to wrestle with the old and carnal nature, yet being ever aided by the Holy Ghost, it continually presses towards the mark for the prize of its high calling in Christ Jesus. It hates sin and loathes the garments spotted by the flesh ; and, being **GOD'S WORKMANSHIP**, created in Christ Jesus unto good works, it knows God and is known of Him.

LIFE IN A LOOK

There is life in a look at the Crucified One,
There is life at this moment for thee ;
Then look, sinner—look unto Him and be saved—
Unto Him who was nailed to the tree.

Paid Thy
Debt

Oh ! why was He there as the bearer of sin,
If on Jesus thy sins were not laid ?
Oh ! why from His side flowed the sin-cleansing
blood,
If His dying thy debt has not paid ?

It is not thy tears of repentance or prayers,
But the blood, that atones for the soul ;
On Him, then, who shed it, thou mayest at once
Thy weight of iniquities roll.

His anguish of soul on the cross hast thou seen ?
His cry of distress hast thou heard ?
Then why, if the terrors of wrath He endured,
Should pardon to thee be deferred ?

We are healed by His stripes ; wouldst thou add
to the word ?
And He is our righteousness made ;
The best robe of heaven He bids thee put on,
Oh ! couldst thou be better arrayed ?

LIFE IN A LOOK

Look,
Sinner

Then doubt not thy welcome, since God hath
declared

There remaineth no more to be done,
That once in the end of the world He appeared,
And completed the work He begun.

But take, with rejoicing, from Jesus at once,
The life everlasting He gives ;
And know, with assurance, thou never canst die,
Since Jesus, thy righteousness, lives.

There is life in a look at the Crucified One,
There is life at this moment for thee ;
Then look, sinner — look unto Him, and be saved,
And know thyself spotless as He !

CHAPTER III

REGENERATION IN ITS CONNECTION WITH CHRIST ON THE CROSS

WHEN our Lord said to Nicodemus : "Except a man be born of water and of the Spirit, he cannot enter into the kingdom of God," the learned Jew was still as utterly unable to comprehend His meaning as before, and could only, in his astonishment, exclaim : "How can these things be ?" On this Christ said : "Art thou a master of Israel, and knowest not these things ?" Evidently our Lord considered Nicodemus ought to have known these truths, and proceeds to show Nicodemus that this great doctrine of the new birth was typically made known to Israel as far back as the days of Moses. This He does by referring him to the twenty-first chapter

Water and
the Spirit

LIFE IN A LOOK

Fiery Serpents

of the Book of Numbers, where "the people spake against God, and against Moses. And the Lord sent fiery serpents among the people, and they bit the people. . . . Therefore the people came to Moses and said, We have sinned, . . . pray unto the Lord, that He take away the serpents from us. And Moses prayed for the people. And the Lord said unto Moses, Make thee a serpent of brass, and set it upon a pole : and it shall come to pass, that every one that is bitten, *when he looketh* upon it, shall live. And Moses made a serpent of brass, and put it upon a pole, and it came to pass, that if a serpent had bitten any man, **WHEN HE BEHELD** the serpent of brass, **HE LIVED.**" This was a scene in the history of Israel with which Nicodemus could not but be familiar, and therefore, pointing him to that scene, Christ says : "*As* Moses lifted up the serpent in the wilderness, **EVEN SO** must the Son of Man be

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lifted up ; that whosoever believeth in Him should not perish, but have eternal life." Here our Lord states two most important facts ; *first*, that the uplifting of the brazen serpent was a type of Himself upon the Cross ; and, *secondly*, that the physical results flowing to the bitten Israelites from *a look* at that serpent of brass, were typical of the spiritual results which flow to our souls from a believing look at Him as the Bearer on the Cross of our appointed doom. The *even so* marks the exactness of the similitude.

Free and
Perfect

It follows, therefore, that any preaching which makes salvation less **FREE**, less **EASY**, less **PERFECT**, or less **IMMEDIATE** than the healing effected by the type, is not the teaching of the Lord Jesus Christ.

What Nicodemus was anxious to know was, how a man could be born when he

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A Son of
God

was old ? Our Lord said it was by faith in Himself as uplifted on the Cross. Standing before this tremendous sacrifice, and believing on Christ thus offered, the sinner not only obtains the full and eternal pardon of his sins, but also full spiritual health, that is, he is **BORN AGAIN**. Thus we see Christ has for ever connected regeneration with faith in Himself as God's appointed sacrifice for sin ; and so close and so real is this connection, that whenever a sinner believes in Jesus Christ as the bearer away of his sins on the Cross, at that moment is he also born again : at that moment he receives power to become " a *son* of God " (John 1. 12).

As our Lord presses upon us the exactness of the similitude between the healing by the brazen serpent, and regeneration through faith in Himself as offered upon the Cross, I shall now endeavour to point out some striking features in this resemblance.

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First : The people for whom the brazen serpent was uplifted in the wilderness were those dying absolutely without hope ; and those for whom Christ died were the LOST.

The Israelites who had been bitten had to die ; no physician could heal them ; the bite was certain death. For such the serpent of brass was lifted up, and for such alone. So Christ was lifted up—TO SAVE THE LOST. If, therefore, there are any people in this world who are not lost, then Christ did not die for them, for they need no Saviour ; but as the Scripture says no such people exist, for *all* have sinned, it follows there is no man who may not be saved through faith in the Lord Jesus Christ, as all come under the title of THE LOST.

And now, do you know what Christ means when He says you are lost ? If you are not yet " in Him," and therefore free from condemnation, I am very

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All Have
Sinned

certain you do not ; for no one grasps this awful fact by intuition, no one learns it by mere feeling, it can only come to our mind by the revelation of God's Word. I will not therefore ask you whether you *feel* you are lost, or whether you *think* you are lost, but reverently and prayerfully to consider the fact that man's utterly LOST condition does not rest on theory, but on three startling and plainly revealed truths :—

(1) On the imputation of Adam's sin, by which DEATH passed through unto ALL MEN, on the ground that ALL SINNED ;

(2) On the consequent depravity of our nature, which we inherit, as springing from Adam ;

(3) On the ground of our daily wilful and repeated transgressions, by which we are continually increasing our guilt.

And as regards the first of these, the imputation of Adam's sin, let us see on

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what ground it rests. This is most Sin and
Death
emphatically laid down in the fifth chapter
of Romans, where the following declara-
tion is made on the subject : " For this
cause, as by ONE MAN sin entered into
the world, and by sin, death, so DEATH
PASSED THROUGH UNTO ALL MEN,
for that ALL SINNED." (Ellicott.) Now,
here is a very forcible statement to the
effect that Adam was our representative,
and that WE SINNED in HIS SIN. Paul
says : " By one man sin entered into the
world." This is conceded by all. He
affirms in the next place, " and by sin,
death." This we know to be in accord
with the terms of the original judgment :
" In the day that thou eatest thereof,
thou shalt surely die." His third state-
ment is a deduction or inference from
the above : " And so death passed through
(permeated) unto all men, on the ground
that all sinned ;" not " have sinned,"
but *sinned*, that is, in the act of Adam.

LIFE IN A LOOK

Death to
All

Death is here represented as radiating or spreading out from a certain event, and that event was Adam's sin. But the question arises, Why was it thus? The answer is: On the ground that ALL SINNED. The awful sentence of death was passed upon all who should be born of Adam, ON THE GROUND that all sinned in him. The Apostle next proceeds to enlarge upon this truth, and adds: "For up to the time of the law, there was sin in the world, but sin is not reckoned where the law is not. But death reigned from Adam to Moses, even over those who sinned not according to the similitude of the transgression of Adam, who is a figure (type) of the future (Adam)." The argument of the Apostle is as follows: He had just stated that death extended to all men on the ground that all sinned in Adam. He then goes on to say that, up to the giving of the law on Mount Sinai, sin was in the world ;

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that is, there were bad passions everywhere showing themselves in evil acts ; but sin, he affirms, is not reckoned (set down as transgression) where there is no law. Notwithstanding all this—notwithstanding that God does not reckon that as sin which is done without the protest of His law—yet, nevertheless, **DEATH REIGNED** from Adam to Moses, even over those who had not sinned after the similitude of Adam's transgression. Now those who lived from Adam to Moses did not sin after the similitude of Adam's transgressions. Adam had a well-known and fixed law to live by. So also had Moses. Those who intervened had not ; they had no revealed, declared law ; they were, many of them, very grievous sinners, but they did not sin as Adam sinned ; that is, they did not transgress a known law ; they followed the wild bent of their own vicious dispositions, and knew no ruler but themselves. God does

Death
Reigned

LIFE IN A LOOK

**Adam's
Guilt** not reckon as sin that which is done without the protest of law. Why, then, did death reign over them, if sin was not reckoned to them? The answer is : **BECAUSE THEY ALL SINNED IN ADAM.** It is the same now ; we have among us those who do not sin after the similitude of Adam's transgression, namely, infants and idiots ; these do not, and cannot sin after the manner of Adam—that is, consciously, against a known law—yet death reigns over them. They sicken, suffer, die ; and people often ask, Why is this?—why do these poor unconscious ones, who have never committed actual sin, thus suffer ? The answer is : Because they are resting under the imputation of Adam's guilt. They were born into the world with his sin upon them, and, as a consequence, with his judgment, which is death. We know indeed from Scripture that such as die before they have become conscious agents, will be saved

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through the merits of the Lord Jesus ^{First Adam} Christ ; but then this does not alter the fact concerning the imputation of Adam's sin.

The Holy Ghost, in the Word of God, always places man under one or other of the following heads : The first man, Adam, or the second Adam—Christ. These constitute the only two camps in the world. All who have lived, or do live, or shall live, will be found in either one or other of these. Of those under the first Adam, Scripture affirms that they all die. Of those under the second Adam, Christ, Scripture affirms that they have LIFE—life eternal ; for though they, too, may die temporally, yet in Christ they shall all be made alive.

The passage I have quoted from Romans distinctly states three solemn facts : *first*, that sin entered into the world through the disobedience of Adam ; *secondly*, that death was the consequence of that sin ;

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Second Adam *thirdly*, that all the human race is charged by God as having sinned in ADAM, and consequently, the judgment of death which was pronounced on him, was pronounced upon the whole race as being in HIM.

Reader, should you be in this great camp of sin, condemnation, and death, your duty is to flee for your life from it, for surely God has written it: "All in Adam die." Should any say, "How is this?" I answer, "God is infinitely holy, infinitely just; what He ordained must be just." And let it be remembered that if God has ordained that Adam's guilt should be imputed to the human race, He has also ordained that Christ's righteousness shall be imputed to *all* who flee to His dear Son, though their sins be as red as scarlet and as deep as crimson.

Of the depravity of our natural heart, and its utter inability to serve God, I will now only add that this natural heart is

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the **RESULT** of our being born under ^{Result} condemnation and comes to us by inheritance from Adam, in whom we have sinned. In other words, it is one of the terrible results which flow to us from that **ONE SIN**. Should we, however, fly to Christ, being then **FREED** from a state of condemnation, a new heart is given us, even one created in righteousness and holiness.

A few words concerning God's holy law. *First*, it is "holy and just and good;" so searching and penetrating in its demands, that it requires, and will receive, no other obedience than that which is absolutely faultless. It not only says, "Thou shalt **NOT DO**," but it states, "This **SHALT THOU BE**." It not only utters the commandment, "Thou shalt **NOT steal**," but it says, "Thou **SHALT** love the Lord thy God with all thy heart." *Secondly*, such obedience as the Law requires, no one has ever ren-

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No, not One dered, except the Lord Jesus Christ, the "sinless one," in whom God was well pleased. *Thirdly*, the Law was not given to man as a means whereby he might obtain justification and pardon, but to reveal to him the heinousness of sin, and to show to him, at all times, what is God's standard of infinite holiness and right. St. Paul says distinctly : " By the Law is the KNOWLEDGE of sin " (Rom. 3. 20). The Law is God's great measure for sin. Testing man by this holy and perfect standard, the reading is : " There is none righteous, NO, NOT ONE " (Rom. 3. 10).

For these reasons, therefore, an unpardoned sinner must say : " I am lost—*first*, by the imputation of Adam's sin I am involved in the judgment of death ; *secondly*, my own natural heart is enmity to God, and utterly incapable of reformation ; *thirdly*, every day I am increasing my guilt by wilful transgression, that is, by sin against light and truth. Being

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therefore CONDEMNED, INCAPABLE of I am Lost REFORMATION—at least by any powers inherent in myself—and DAILY SINKING DEEPER INTO GUILT, I may well say I AM LOST."

Terrible, however, as is the condition of the sinner by nature, yet grace has provided salvation. Just because man is by nature *lost*, therefore God has given His Son, that whosoever believeth in Him should not perish, but have everlasting life. Truly, if *sin* has abounded, *grace* has much more abounded!—so that the imputation of Adam's guilt, with its consequent judgment of death, or the oft-recurring sins of daily life, are more than met by the priestly work of the Son of God. The imputation of *Adam's guilt* is cancelled by the imputation of *Christ's righteousness*; the depraved heart, by the creation of a new heart; and the recurring sins of daily life, by grace sufficient to overcome. As God has thus made pro-

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That Light vision in Jesus Christ for the salvation of all, the sinner is without excuse. Down through all centuries of time come these glorious words, "And this is the will of Him that sent Me, that every one which seeth the Son and believeth on Him may have everlasting life: and I will raise him up at the last day" (John 6. 40).

After such words, *joy* is for all who will accept the salvation of God. But hence arises a *new* condemnation, a condemnation revealed only by the Gospel, and expressed by Christ thus: "He that believeth *NOT* is condemned already, *BECAUSE* he hath not believed in the name of the only begotten Son of God." And *this is the condemnation*, "that *LIGHT* is come into the world, and men loved darkness rather than light" (John 3. 18, 19). There is, in other words, no excuse; all *MAY* be saved who *WILL*. A man who will not receive Christ into his

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heart is like a patient in the hospital Save the
Lost who refuses to take the physician's remedy. The physician says: "Your malady, if left to itself, will kill you, but take this, and you will undoubtedly recover." If he refuses, his death is his own fault: so is it with the sinner. It is true that he is in himself utterly lost, but Christ hastens to him, saying: I am come to **SAVE THE LOST**. If, therefore, the sinner rejects Christ, his doom is for ever sealed, there remains no other sacrifice for sin.

Not all the blood of beasts,
On Jewish altars slain,
Could give the guilty conscience peace,
Or wash away the stain.

But Christ, the heavenly Lamb,
Takes all our sins away;
A sacrifice of nobler name,
And richer blood than they.

LIFE IN A LOOK

Salvation
by Faith

**My soul looks back to see
The burden Thou didst bear,
When hanging on the cursèd tree,
And knows her guilt was there.**

Remember : *That which cured the Israelites was something OUTSIDE of themselves: they were to look AWAY from themselves at the brazen serpent ; so, too, the sinner is not commanded to look at himself for healing, but to Christ on the Cross.*

Most people look to the wrong place for salvation—to themselves rather than to Christ. I would class error here under two heads : *first*, those who cannot believe that Christ's death *now* avails for them, because they do not immediately see in themselves a holy and renewed life. Such people ignore the fact that this holy and renewed life can only be the **RESULT** of salvation by faith ; it does not go *before*, it *follows after*. St. Paul says : " In whom also, *after that ye believed, ye were*

LIFE IN A LOOK

sealed with that Holy Spirit of promise." <sup>After
Belief</sup>

The Holy Spirit came permanently to dwell in them AFTER they had believed in Christ. Let this be clearly borne in mind, for when men seek for rectitude of life they are only seeking that which in itself is most commendable. But the question is—How is it to be obtained? Let us suppose you have taken part in an unsuccessful rebellion. As a necessary result of your conduct, your life is forfeit to the Crown; to save yourself, you fly to a foreign country, and there remain. At last, growing weary of exile, you say: "I would like to go back and live as a peaceable subject in my own land," but your friends warn you that it will be death for you to return, until you can first have the ban removed. The Crown has condemned you to death, and until that sentence has been revoked, you cannot possibly return. First have the ban cancelled, and then return. So

LIFE IN A LOOK

Wrath of
God

it is with the soul. "He that believeth not the Son shall not see life; but the WRATH OF GOD ABIDETH ON HIM" (John 3. 36). This is God's sentence on all out of Christ. You ask for rectitude of life; this is well, but before you can obtain grace to walk acceptably with God, you must *first* have this awful sentence of wrath removed, and this most certainly will be the case when, as an utterly lost sinner, you look away to Christ, and believe on Him as God's propitiation for your sins. *Secondly*, those who say that, because they cannot *feel* the truth of the Gospel in their heart, therefore they cannot accept it. This is like a man with small-pox saying he does not feel strong and well, and therefore refuses to take the doctor's medicine. The man *is* sick, and cannot possibly *feel* anything else than sick; and the soul which is under the wrath of God cannot possibly feel the peace of pardon, when

LIFE IN A LOOK

that peace has not yet been secured. Peace of
God
Therefore, God does not ask you to look *in* for feeling, but *out*—to Christ for salvation.

Salvation in Scripture is never once made to rest on *feeling*, but on the finished work of Christ alone; and that this glorious work of Christ saves us, we **KNOW** from God's written Word. Christ says to you: "Verily, verily, I say unto you, he that believeth on Me **HATH** everlasting life." When, therefore, you believe on Him as one who died in your stead, or as St. Paul says, "Gave Himself for me," then you clearly know *you are saved*, simply because His Word says so. There may be at first but little joy, or there may be much joy. A great deal will depend both on temperament and on the appreciation which a man has of the gift he has just obtained. But what is **PROMISED** to every soul who believes in Jesus Christ, is everlasting life. When

LIFE IN A LOOK

Brazen
Serpent

once he is saved, he is **COMMANDED** to rejoice.

As there was life in a look at the brazen serpent, there is ETERNAL life in looking unto Christ.

The bitten Israelite lay dying in the dust ; his flesh swollen, his skin turned black ; tongue parched with thirst ; life fast ebbing from him. Suddenly the cry is heard, " Look, and live."

" Where ? " he asks, " where ? "

They point him to the brazen serpent, as it glitters in the sunlight, and say, "*There !*"

His fading sight is turned toward it,—in an instant rush, the warm, healthy life-blood comes to his cheek, the poison vanishes, he knows not where, and to his feet he springs, rescued from the very jaws of death.

So is it with the lost soul who looks to Christ ; salvation comes to him in the look. The bitten Israelite could not

LIFE IN A LOOK

possibly help himself, every moment the poison spread further, and death came nearer. The physician could not heal him ; no medicine, no burning, no amputation could arrest its terrible progress, or keep back the approach of death. God alone could help him ; and God *did* help him, and by this typical serpent saved him. *NOW* our Lord says this brazen serpent was an *exact* representation of the way in which He saves and regenerates the soul.

Cross of
Christ

If *YOU*, reader, be one who has not yet been saved, you need the pardon of your sins—eternal life, "new birth," in fact, everything. Like the dying Israelite, you are utterly unable to save yourself, and therefore, just because of this helplessness, God sent His Son Jesus Christ to give you salvation, and to place you as an heir in the kingdom of His glory. Pointing you, therefore, to **CHRIST ON THE CROSS** as His eternal satisfaction for sin, and

LIFE IN A LOOK

Look of
Faith

knowing all your need, He says: "Behold the Lamb of God," LOOK unto Him AND LIVE. Complete and immediate *healing* came to the Israelite from looking to the serpent: *salvation* will come to you from looking to Christ. By this I mean that look of faith, which sees in Christ on the Cross satisfaction for all your sins—is instantaneous life for your soul.

And now, just to make this glorious truth clearer to you, I will state two things of great importance: *Why* you should look to Christ, and *how* you should look.

First, because, in the death of our Lord, an infinite satisfaction was made for all your sins. Sin demands punishment. The law of God justly cries out for vengeance on all who break its precepts. You have broken them, and therefore your life is forfeited to the law. How, then, will you be freed from your sins? The

LIFE IN A LOOK

Scripture says: "Without shedding of ^{Laid on Him} blood is NO REMISSION" (Heb. 9. 22) ; and the blood which alone remits is the **BLOOD OF CHRIST**. Here then, on the Cross, Christ bore to the full all the sins of those who *HAD* believed or *SHOULD* believe on Him. Here, too, for their healing was He wounded. Isaiah sums it all up in one verse: "All we, like sheep, have gone astray ; we have turned every one to his own way ; and the Lord hath LAID ON HIM the iniquity of us all." It was therefore God who laid our sins on Christ, and burdened Him with the weight of our iniquities. In the fifth verse we have given us the reason of Christ's death on the Cross : " He was wounded for *OUR* transgressions, He was bruised for *OUR* iniquities, the chastisement of *OUR* peace was upon Him ; and WITH HIS STRIPES WE ARE HEALED " (Isa. 53. 5, 6).

On the Cross, therefore, our glorious

LIFE IN A LOOK

Through
Faith

Redeemer presented His *own* righteousness for acceptance, and *our sins* for punishment; and God the Father accepted this awful death as the eternal propitiation, or satisfaction for the sins of THE WHOLE WORLD (1 John 2. 2). "Christ, by the grace of God, tasted death for every man" (Heb. 2. 9), and therefore there was no one who ever *did* live, or no one who ever *shall* live, for whom Christ did not die.

Look, then, reader, to Him. Here, in Christ's death, is God's satisfaction for all your sins. He will, according to His own Word, accept this death as the full remission of all *your* guilt, as your title to sonship, and inheritance to glory, PROVIDED ONLY you now thus accept Him by faith.

Secondly, *how* you are to accept Him.

By simple faith, "For by grace are ye saved THROUGH FAITH," nothing more. You wish to draw nigh to God. Scripture

LIFE IN A LOOK

says you may assuredly do so through Jesus Christ. Before you now He stands, the Lamb of God for sinners slain. God asks you simply to believe on Him, and live for ever. Can you not therefore say : O Lord, I do from my heart *believe* that Thou, by this Thine awful death, dost **NOW SAVE ME FROM DEATH**, and that Thy perfect righteousness is accepted by the Father for me ; and with my mouth I do *confess* that Thou art my Saviour, who hast redeemed me with Thy precious blood, whereof the Father hath given proof in that He raised Thee from the dead ? This is Scriptural faith, and this is all God asks of you in order to be saved. It is not therefore faith *in yourself*, faith in your resolutions of amendment, faith in any effort you may make, but faith in Christ—in His work—in His Word. God will not save you for what *you* are, but for what *Christ* is, and therefore the Holy Ghost asks you to

Saved from
Death

LIFE IN A LOOK

Bread of
Life

look with faith to Christ on the Cross, and with the whole heart believe that there Christ tasted death **FOR YOU**.

And when you do so look, you will not only be eternally saved, but **BORN AGAIN**, that is, the Blood of the Lord Jesus will not only wash away your sins, and His righteousness be made the ground of your justification, but your soul will then be **QUICKENED** by the power of the Holy Ghost working in you through Jesus Christ. Nicodemus wished to know how a man could be born again. Our Lord brings back to his mind the grand old historical scene of the brazen serpent, and then tells him : "**EVEN SO** must the Son of Man be lifted up : that whosoever believeth in Him should not perish, but have eternal life." Now Christ has not only life in Himself, but He has power to quicken or give life to all who believe on Him. He is the "**BREAD THAT GIVETH LIFE**," and therefore, whosoever

LIFE IN A LOOK

believingly looks to Him, is at that instant, Pardon
by Him, quickened into spiritual life ; in
other words, he is *born again*, and has
undergone that great change without
which no man can see the kingdom of God.
Understand, therefore, that salvation is
not merely the pardon of our sins, and
the promise of infinite blessings in the
future. It is far more : it is at once the
eternal remission of our sins by virtue of
the sacrifice of Christ—the being formally
pronounced righteous by reason of the
perfect obedience of Christ reckoned to
us, and, at the same time, the creation
within us of a new heart in righteousness
and true holiness. This new and God-
loving heart comes to us from Christ,
through the power of the Holy Ghost, and
takes place whenever the sinner flies to
Christ and believes on Him.

And now, in conclusion—this salvation
is INSTANTANEOUS. The *instant* the
dying Israelite looked to the brazen ser-

LIFE IN A LOOK

Change of
Mind

pent, he was made well ; and the *instant* a sinner from the heart believes in Christ, he is eternally saved.

But many say : How is this possible ?—Has not *repentance* to come in first, and is not repentance deep and prolonged sorrow for sin ?—if it be such, how can salvation by any possibility be instantaneous ?

In reply I must say, that, certainly, if by repentance were meant “ deep and prolonged sorrow for sin,” then the statement that salvation is a gift instantaneously conferred, could not be maintained ; but that life IS so conferred is the emphatic teaching of our Lord in His conversation with Nicodemus, as well as in His repeated statements throughout the whole Gospel of St. John.

What is meant by repentance ?

“ Repentance ” in Scripture means an *after mind or thought* ; a CHANGE OF MIND. Thus Esau found no place of repentance, though he sought it carefully

LIFE IN A LOOK

with tears. His anxiety was to induce his father to give him the blessing he had already bestowed on Jacob. This Isaac would not do, and Esau could not make him repent or *change his mind*. So, too, in the case of the two sons (Matt. 21. 28-32). One son said I will not, but afterward he repented (*changed his mind*) and went—that is, he saw he had done wrongly, and this change of *mind* led him to change of *conduct*. Repentance is therefore a change of mind, leading to a change of conduct. Now the point I wish you especially to observe is this: Repentance does not of itself and by itself mean sorrow. There may, or there may not be deep grief connected with repentance; all depends on God's individual dealing with the soul. In some instances there may be nothing experienced save *joy*, and in such cases the repentance is just as real, as true, as in those instances where there is nothing but the deepest

Isaac's
Blessing



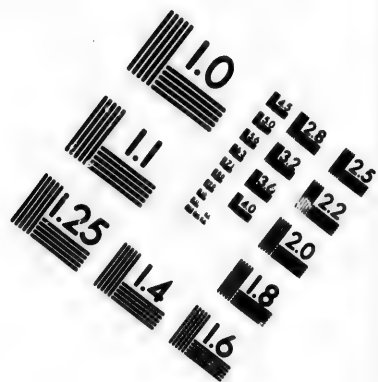
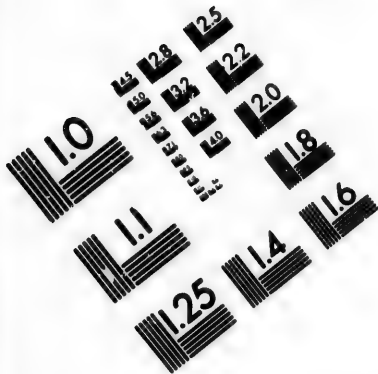
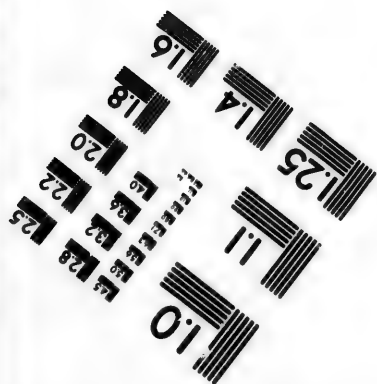
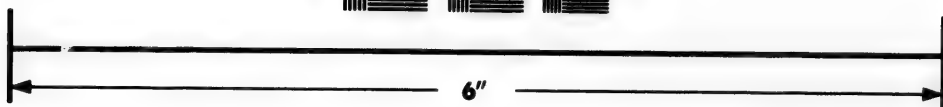
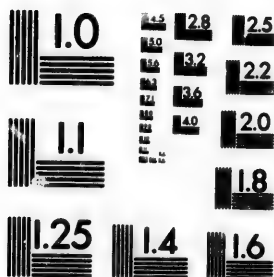


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LIFE IN A LOOK

Man's
Needs

grief. All I wish you to notice is—repentance does not of itself mean sorrow on the one hand, nor joy on the other, but a **CHANGE OF MIND**, which leads to a total change of conduct. This will be seen more clearly, if we consider the following facts :—

First, man's mind needs to be entirely changed. Man is by nature radically wrong in all his ideas about God, about Satan, about the world, and even about himself. This is the result of the fall, by which his mind has been made not only dark, but very darkness itself. "Ye were sometimes *darkness*," says St. Paul, "but now are ye *light* in the Lord." The result of all ignorance is, that people believe the suggestions of Satan and the promptings of their own heart, and thus entertain a thousand wrong ideas about God and the way of salvation. What people therefore need is, to have God's glorious Gospel preached to them, in

LIFE IN A LOOK

order that they may see *how wrong their ideas are*. When, then, a man "*changes his mind*" about God and His Son Jesus Christ, *this* is repentance toward God. Take, for instance, the case of St. Peter's sermon on the day of Pentecost. When the Apostle had proved to them that they had been guilty of crucifying the Lord of life and glory, they were overwhelmed with grief; they cried out, "What must we do to be saved?" Now this deep sorrow and unfeigned remorse is just what many would call *repentance*; but the Apostle, so far from calling it repentance, says: "Repent, and be baptized every one of you." What he meant to convey was that inasmuch as these people knew nothing of God as reconciled in Jesus Christ—nothing about salvation being *completed* on the Cross—nothing, in fact, about God or about themselves—therefore they should immediately repent, that is, not give way to wild despair, or

LIFE IN A LOOK

Faith go about seeking to establish their own righteousness, but, on the representation of the Gospel, change their minds, and see God as willing to receive them into favour, through the merits of His dear Son.

Secondly, repentance is always in close connection with *faith* ; that is, repentance towards God always occurs at the *same time* as faith in the Lord Jesus Christ.

Thirdly, Repentance is not always accompanied by sorrow. People say : Does not the Scripture affirm that "godly sorrow worketh repentance to salvation not to be repented of" ? Certainly it does ; and wherever God works deep grief in a man's soul for his sins, it is a blessed thing, for it will surely lead him to Christ. But God's ways are not uniform in dealing with the soul. On some minds the light gradually arises as a glorious truth, filling the soul with joy unspeakable, and in this instance the repentance is just as deep, just as real, as in the case

LIFE IN A LOOK

where there is the most unfeigned sorrow. Salvation
Repentance is not joy or sorrow, it is that change of mind which leads to the acknowledgment of the truth. The Ethiopian did not understand the Prophet Isaiah ; but Philip, having been taken up into his chariot, explains to him the salvation of Christ. On this the eunuch repents, that is, acknowledges to the full the truth he has heard, and joyfully believing in Christ, is immediately baptized. This is *true* repentance. It took place at the same time as when by faith he grasped Christ ; for there can be no repentance towards God, separate from faith in our Lord Jesus Christ.

How different is all this from what is generally advanced concerning "repentance." According to the popular idea, repentance is a period of intense suffering on account of sin, through which a man *must* pass before he can be saved ; and furthermore, that this intense sorrow

LIFE IN A LOOK

God's
Truth

causes God's favour to shine upon us, and is in itself one of the main reasons why God pardons us. Now nothing could be more thoroughly destructive of the Gospel than this impression. It leads people to look *into themselves* for feelings, rather than *up to Christ* for salvation ; it drives them to despair on the one hand, or to utter indifference on the other ; for, after seeking in vain for feelings which never can be in the fallen heart, unless God especially put them there, they give up all for lost. Others put off coming to Christ until some time when they hope to *feel* a sorrow for sin which they do not at the present. It inverts the whole order of God's truth as illustrated by the brazen serpent, for it makes a man to a very large extent his own healer, rather than Christ. Understand, I do not depreciate sorrow for sin ; on the contrary, whenever it comes from God, it works repentance into salvation. Repentance, therefore, toward

LIFE IN A LOOK

God is that *change of mind* which is *in-* Look and
Live
separably connected with **FAITH IN
CHRIST**, and is always followed by a
change of life. What is the practical
effect of all this? It is that the poor
sinner can be saved—and God means that
he should be saved—directly and instan-
taneously by the Saviour. God points
you, reader, to the Lord Jesus Christ on
the Cross, and says: **LOOK, BELIEVE,
AND LIVE**. Should you ask: What am
I to believe? I answer—That all that
was necessary for your eternal redemption
was **FINISHED** there; that *there* you see
CHRIST TASTING DEATH FOR YOU,
so that nothing remains but for you to
receive salvation as a gift. Can you not
NOW look, and live for ever? Hesitate
not. Look not to your feelings, but up
alone to this glorious Redeemer, and if
this day you set to your seal that God is
true, by accepting Christ as **THE ONE**
whose death and righteousness have pro-

LIFE IN A LOOK

This Day cured your salvation, *this day*, God's Word declares, will you pass from death unto life, and *this day* be written in the Book of Life.

I sometimes wonder how people can entertain doubts as to the ability of Christ to save them. It is like a man coming to a dead halt before London Bridge : hundreds of heavy waggons and foot passengers are hurrying over, as they have for years gone by, and yet he stands afraid to trust himself upon the bridge. The policeman asks him to "move on," but he still hesitates, and tells him he fears the bridge will not bear him. "The man's mad," mutters the policeman, and leaves him to himself. And can *you* doubt, reader, the power of Christ's death to save *you* to the uttermost? Has not that blood saved Paul, the chiefest of sinners? Has it not washed away the defilement of thousands? And are **YOU** afraid to cast your weary heart upon

LIFE IN A LOOK

Him, and believe that **NOW** His mighty ^{White as Snow} sacrifice avails for your instantaneous salvation? Have you discovered faults in Him whom God has pronounced faultless? Or, does not that satisfy **YOU** which satisfied **GOD**? No, hesitate not. Do not look into the *future*, and sadly hope that in some as yet unreached time God will make with you a treaty of peace; but, standing before the awful sacrifice of the death of Christ, believe that **HERE** thy soul finds life; that here **CHRIST**, by this tremendous death, **FOR EVER PUTS AWAY THY SINS.**

“Come now, and let us reason together, saith the Lord: though your sins be as **SCARLET**, they shall be as **WHITE AS SNOW**; though they be **RED LIKE CRIMSON**, **THEY** shall be as **WOOL**” (Isa. i. 18).

O Christ, what burdens bowed Thy head!
Our load was laid on Thee;

LIFE IN A LOOK

Death

Thou stoodest in the sinner's stead,
Didst bear all ill for me :
A Victim led, Thy blood was shed :
Now there's no load for me.

Death and the curse were in our cup—
O Christ, 'twas full for Thee !
But Thou hast drained the last dark drop,
'Tis empty now for me :
That bitter cup, love drank it up,
Now blessing's draught for me.

Jehovah lifted up His rod ;
O Christ, it fell on Thee !
Thou wast sore stricken of Thy God ;
There's not one stroke for me.
Thy tears, Thy blood, beneath it flowed ;
Thy bruising healeth me.

The tempest's awful voice was heard ;
O Christ, it broke on Thee !
Thy open bosom was my ward,
It braved the storm for me.
Thy form was scarred, Thy visage marred ;
Now cloudless peace for me.

LIFE IN A LOOK

Jehovah bade His sword awake ;

O Christ, it woke 'gainst Thee :

Thy blood the flaming blade must slake,

Thy heart its sheath must be ;

All for my sake, my peace to make ;

Now sleeps that sword for me.

Not by
Works

For me, Lord Jesus, Thou hast died,

And I have died in Thee :

Thou'rt risen—my bands are all untied ;

And now Thou liv'st in me :

When purified, made white and tried,

Thy GLORY then for me !

"The whole head is sick, and the whole heart faint. From the sole of the foot even unto the head there is no soundness in it" (Isa. 1. 5, 6).

"There is none righteous, no, not one" (Rom. 3. 10).

"Without shedding of blood is no remission" (Heb. 9. 22).

"Of His own will begat He us with the word of truth" (Jas. 1. 18).

"Not by works . . . which we have done, but according to His mercy He saved us, by the washing of regeneration, and renewing of the Holy Ghost" (Titus 3. 5).

LIFE IN A LOOK

It is
finished

"The Gift of God is eternal life through Jesus Christ our Lord" (Rom. 6. 23).

"Come unto Me, all ye that labour and are heavy laden, and I will give you rest" (Matt. 11. 28).

"Him that cometh to Me I will in no wise cast out" (John 6. 37).

"I, if I be lifted up from the earth, will draw all men unto Me" (John 12. 32).

"Jesus said, It is finished" (John 19. 30).

CONCLUSION.

LOOKING UNTO JESUS;
OR, GROWTH IN GRACE

FOR the comfort of those who have ^{Union with Christ} already looked believingly to Christ, I will now subjoin a few reflections on the mode in which we are to grow in grace.

First, by duly appreciating the sanctification **ALREADY** obtained for us, through the offering of the body of Jesus Christ, once for all.

The believer is the subject of *two* sanctifications; one, already and absolutely perfect; the other, progressive. The first is that sanctification which all believers have in virtue of their union with Christ, by which they are eternally set free from the dominion of sin, and made holy in Him. The second is that progressive

LIFE IN A LOOK

All of One work of the Holy Ghost in the heart, by which the believer is daily brought into closer subjection to the will of God. Let us now briefly consider the first.

In the Epistle to the Hebrews there are three remarkable statements made about sanctification : first, that " both He that sanctifieth and they who are sanctified are all OF ONE " (Heb. 2. 11). This implies the perfect and eternal union which exists between Christ and His people, as is clearly seen by referring to verse 14, which declares that as the *children* are partakers of flesh and blood, *He* also *Himself* took part of the same. Secondly, that the sanctification of the believer was the result of the will of the Father, that is, according to His purposes in grace, and, furthermore, that this sanctification was effected through the offering of the body of Jesus Christ, once for all. The words of the text are as follows : " In which will we HAVE BEEN SANCTIFIED through

LIFE IN A LOOK

the offering of the body of Jesus Christ ^{Washed} once for all" (Heb. 10. 10, Alford). Believers, being one with Christ, rest for ever in the blessed and abiding consequences of that eternal offering by which He both washed away their sins, and consecrated them to the service of God. By that offering they have *been* sanctified, that is, they have *been*, once and for ever, **WASHED** ; once and for ever **SEPARATED** ; once and for ever **CONSECRATED** ; and once and for ever **MADE HOLY** by the sprinkling of Christ's blood. By the offering of the body of Jesus Christ, the sanctification of the believer is absolutely complete, in that he occupies a place of holy separation from the service of sin, and stands now, as he shall always stand, perfect in the righteousness of Christ, separated unto God by the blood with which he is sprinkled. This truth is forcibly brought out in verse 14 : " For by one offering He hath **PERFECTED**

LIFE IN A LOOK

His Blood **FOR EVER** them who are sanctified." However poor and unworthy a believer may be in himself, yet, as sanctified through the offering of the body of Jesus Christ, he is both beautiful and precious in the Father's sight.

The third statement in Hebrews concerning sanctification by Christ is as follows: "For the bodies of those beasts whose blood is brought into the sanctuary by the high priest for sin, are burned without the camp. Wherefore Jesus also, that He might sanctify the people with His own blood, suffered *without the gate*. Let us go forth therefore unto Him *without the camp*, bearing His reproach" (Heb. 13. 11-13). That is, Christ voluntarily took the place of shame and reproach by dying, as one utterly rejected and cast out, both by Israel and the Gentile world. He did it that He might sanctify His people with His own blood. The great lesson inculcated by this passage is the

LIFE IN A LOOK

necessity of our suffering with Christ, in^{Justice} separation from the world and in union with Him, for if we *suffer* with Him, we shall be also glorified together. What, then, is meant by sanctification through the blood of Christ ?

First, it means our title and right to stand evermore before God as *worshippers* in His spiritual temple. Sanctification is a word which belongs to *temple service*, in the same way that justification is a judicial word, belonging to a court or judgment seat.

Secondly, it means that which was effected for us through the offering of the body of Jesus Christ, once for all.

Thirdly, the *time* when we are sanctified by the offering of the body of Jesus Christ, is that moment when we are justified by faith that is in Him. When, therefore, the Father pronounced a sinner JUST, by virtue of the merits of Jesus Christ, reckoned to him, He also, at the same

LIFE IN A LOOK

Sanctified time, accepts him as once and for ever **SANCTIFIED** by the offering of the same Saviour.

Fourthly, the sanctification of which I speak, is one which is absolutely complete. St. Paul says : " In which will we *have been* sanctified," implying that this is not a sanctification which is in process of completion, but one which, inasmuch as it rests on the absolutely complete work of Christ, is in itself for ever perfect. So, too, in Acts, St. Paul calls believers the " sanctified " (Chap. 20. 32), where the word implies those who have been sanctified. Our Lord also, in sending the Apostle to the Gentiles, says : " That they may receive forgiveness of sins and inheritance among them which *are sanctified* by faith that is in Me " (Chap. 26. 18).

Furthermore, this sanctification is not only perfect, it is **FOR EVER**. The ancient temple service was one unending series of sacrifices and cleansing processes,

LIFE IN A LOOK

for no sooner was a man legally cleansed, ^{Made Holy} than through some inadvertence he again incurred guilt, and therefore again needed ceremonial cleansing ; but Christ being come, an high priest of good things to come, not by the blood of goats and calves, but by His own blood, entered once into the holy place, and therefore, because that precious blood was all-availing—because nothing further remained to be done—the Apostle states that “ by one offering He hath perfected **FOR EVER** them that are sanctified.”

Fifthly, this sanctification by the blood of Christ implies our being **MADE HOLY** with that holiness wherewith Christ is holy. It may not be possible to grasp all that this sanctification means, but we know what it *includes*. It includes our everlasting **SEPARATION**, as a royal priesthood and a peculiar people, from the unholy dominion of the world, of Satan, and of the flesh ; our perpetual **CON-**

LIFE IN A LOOK

Consecra-
tion

SECRATION in thought, word, and act, to the service of God and of His Christ ; our indivisible and glorious **UNION** with Him who is the Resurrection and the Life ; and finally, our **ADMISSION**, as those made holy by the sprinkled blood, into that spiritual, but still real temple, in which God's people for ever celebrate His praise.

Seeing, therefore, that *in* the will of the Father, and *through* the offering of the body of Jesus Christ, we have been once and for ever sanctified ; seeing that by God's own hand we have been separated as an holy nation and consecrated as a royal priesthood to His service, how earnestly should we endeavour to illustrate by our daily walk and conversation the reality of this separation and the power of this consecration to God ! Ignorance of God's will and of Christ's work must of necessity produce in us laxity in life, and therefore a deep and sanctified knowledge

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of this most glorious truth is not only Rescued
from Death important, it is vitally necessary for the development and perfection of the inner man ; and, above all, for enabling us to fulfil the high and holy position we occupy as chosen witnesses of God.

As there is a *completed* sanctification effected for us through the offering of the body of Jesus Christ, once for all, so, also, is there a *progressive* sanctification wrought in us by the operation of the Holy Ghost. In considering this latter, I think it all-important to note that whether we are considering justification or sanctification, God, in both cases, is always the giver, and we only the receivers of blessing. When a sinner is rescued from death, the salvation by which God effects that deliverance is repeatedly declared to be God's GIFT : "The *wages* of sin is death, but the gift of God is eternal life through Jesus Christ our Lord." This truth, however, is most

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Renuncia-
tion

freely admitted by all who know the Gospel of God's grace, and therefore I need not further dwell on the subject ; but the point I wish to enforce is this, that when we come to consider the great theme of our practical sanctification, we must remember that in this, as well as in justification, God is the bountiful giver, and we only the receivers of blessing. The popular idea of sanctification is **RENUNCIATION** ; in other words, that it consists in those acts of renunciation by which we **GIVE UP** anything which ministers to the flesh, rather than to godly edifying. Now in this lies the mistake, for renunciation is the **RESULT**, not the principle of sanctification. The last invitation of the Bible to weary sinners is : " And whosoever will, let him **TAKE** the water of life freely." It is not earn or purchase, but take, as a free and royal gift from God. So, too, in practical sanctification, growth in grace is in proportion as we

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appropriate Christ to ourselves by faith, ^{Sanctification} and renunciation is the *result* of this reception of Him into our hearts. The great principle in justification is Believe and *live* ; in sanctification, Believe and *grow*. In justification the sinner receives Christ into his heart as his life ; in sanctification the saint receive the same Saviour as the mighty Conqueror, who is able to subdue all things to Himself. Christ is the portion of His people, and it is the exalted office of the Holy Spirit to make this glorious truth more clear and convincing to our minds.

We see how nature acts. When winter reigns in all its icy power in our land, how can we escape its rigour ? Can we, with our own voice and will, renounce it ? Shall we break off the crisp icicles, cart away the snow, and call it summer ? No, for it would be winter still. The sun—nothing but the sun—will make the summer, and so is it with the soul. If

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Christ at
the Door

the Christian has grown cold, and spiritual winter reigns within him, he needs indeed to renounce all the besetting sins and unholy influences which have impeded his course and checked the development of grace ; but the only way in which this blessed result can be effected is by Christ afresh coming in as the Sun of righteousness, and making summer in his soul. Not to heathen, dead in trespasses and sins, but to lapsed and lukewarm Christians, did Christ utter these words : " Behold, I stand at the door and knock : if any man hear My voice and open the door, I will come in to him, and will sup with him, and he with Me " (Rev. 3. 20). You pray, and no doubt very earnestly, that you may be delivered from self ; but self cannot cast out self. We must arise and open the door, and let Christ in, and He will crowd out self. And here comes in the work of the Holy Spirit. How earnestly do we often pray that we

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may be filled with the Spirit, and when that prayer is being answered, we realise it by His lifting up Christ within us—by Christ's *increasing*, and our *decreasing*. The Spirit does not speak of Himself but of Christ. "He shall testify of Me," were the words by which our Lord declared to His disciples the office of the Holy Ghost, and therefore we are ever to understand that the more we have of the Spirit, the more we realise that Christ dwells in our hearts by faith.

Testify of
Me

Three facts I would have the reader especially notice :

First, In the economy of grace God designed that each one of His children should come into all the fulness of blessing in Christ Jesus. As God did not leave Israel after He had overthrown Pharaoh and his host in the Red Sea, but bade the nation rather press on and occupy the land of promise, so now, in dealing with us, He does not rest content with merely

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Riches in
Glory

saving us from wrath, but urges us to go up at once and possess all the riches of that inheritance of glory we have in Jesus Christ. There are no poor in heaven, and God would have none in grace. Christ said to the wretched and miserable in Laodicea : " I counsel thee to buy of Me gold tried in the fire, that thou mayest be RICH ; " and St. Paul, in comforting the Philippians, says : " My God shall supply all your need according to His RICHES IN GLORY by Christ Jesus." So, also, in praying for the Ephesians, he says : " For this cause I bow my knees unto the Father of our Lord Jesus Christ, that He would grant you, according to the riches of His glory, to be strengthened with might by His Spirit in the inner man ; that Christ may dwell in your hearts by faith ; that ye, being rooted and grounded in love, may be able to comprehend with all saints what is the breadth, and length, and

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depth, and height ; and to know the love of Christ, which passeth knowledge, ^{Fulness of God} **THAT YE MIGHT BE FILLED WITH ALL THE FULNESS OF GOD."** Poverty, therefore, in grace is most inexcusable ; it not only implies spiritual sloth on our part, but also contempt for the glorious and perfect inheritance we have in Christ.

Secondly, All the riches of grace are summed up in Christ. "He is made unto us wisdom, and righteousness, and **SANCTIFICATION**, and redemption" (1 Cor. i. 31), "for in Him dwelleth all the fulness of the Godhead bodily." And "we are complete in Him which is the Head of all principality and power."

Thirdly, Begin the day by giving thanks to God, which always causeth us to triumph in Christ Jesus. Let the first word your voice utters be thanksgiving—thanksgiving for future but still certain victory. Jacob feared his brother Esau, but his real wrestle was with the angel

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Victory of the covenant. The battle was fought and the victory gained before he even saw his brother ; and so with us in the spiritual contest, faith gains the victory before the battle of the day is fought. Before us is the world which lieth in wickedness ; the devil going about as a roaring lion ; and our own hearts, deceitful above all things and desperately wicked. These three, with the principalities and powers which come and go at the bidding of Satan, we have to meet. There is no possible escape, and therefore battle with them we must ; the only question being, when the day with its fighting is over, shall we be lamenting a defeat suffered, or rejoicing in a victory gained ? Surely we need not wait long for an answer ; greater is He who is for us than all who are against us, and because this is the case, the victory may be fully decided before we, so to speak, meet our enemies face to face. Our greatest trouble is

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always with our own evil heart, for when ^{Trust} we go to God in prayer, we too often stagger through unbelief, and fail to grasp the victory of faith. And here I wish to press upon the reader that the real contest is with *unbelief*; for when in prayer we have gained strength, simply to trust Christ, then are we more than conquerors—then can we rest in peace.

Now what is this trusting? It is believing that our prayer *is heard*; that Christ *will* dwell in our hearts; that His strength *will* be made perfect in our weakness, and that He Himself will subdue our enemies on every side. The prophet says: "Thou wilt keep him in perfect peace whose mind is stayed on Thee; because he TRUSTETH in Thee." And the child of God who has learned wholly to trust Christ, will not only grow like a cedar in Lebanon, but will rest in perfect peace when the whole world rocks beneath his feet. If any should ask

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Believe how we are to obtain this faith, I answer, *first*, by a reverent and prayerful study of God's holy Word ; and *secondly*, by earnest continuance in prayer. The study of the Bible is absolutely necessary for our spiritual growth. It is the witness of the Holy Spirit to the truth as it is in Jesus, and therefore, as one has well said : " To desire to know *more* than is written is presumption ; to be contented with knowing *less*, is contemptuous ; it is being satisfied that darkness should occupy a place only to be filled by light."

The following are three conditions of successful prayer : (1) Abiding in Christ and His Word abiding in us (John 15. 7). (2) The work of the two Intercessors, the Holy Ghost here on earth interceding *in* us, and Christ the Advocate on high interceding *for* us (Rom. 8. 26, John 14. 14). (3) Faith : " What things soever ye desire, when ye pray, BELIEVE that ye receive

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them, and YE SHALL HAVE THEM " Result of
Belief
(Mark 11. 24).

Finally, I only wish to add, that progress is the great law in God's kingdom of grace. Nicodemus, when he came to Christ, was surely but a bruised reed and smoking flax. There was indeed no strength in him, but the day came when this same man openly avowed his love for Christ, and confessed Him, when Israel had crucified, and His own disciples had deserted Him. Peter, in his weakness, trembled at the voice of a maid, but the day came when he was willing to stretch out his hands and die a martyr for the faith. Paul too grew in grace, and this is apparent especially in the deepening of his humility, for, as Vaughan has pointed out, we find the Apostle in A.D. 58 writing to the Corinthians that he "was not meet to be called an *Apostle*." In 62 he tells the Ephesians, he is "less than the least of all *saints*," and finally, a year

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My
Saviour

before his death, we find him describing himself to Timothy as the "chief of *sinners*." This was real progress, and such as we ought all to make. If, however, we do desire to grow in grace, like those I have just mentioned, let us all remember that the one great principle of spiritual progression is, ever to keep the eye fixed on the Lord Jesus Christ as the Author and Finisher of our faith.

LIFE IN A LOOK

I once was a stranger to grace and to God,
I knew not my danger, and felt not my load ;
Though friends spoke in rapture of Christ on the
tree.

Jehovah

"JEHOVAH TSIDKENU " was nothing to me.

Like tears from the daughter of Zion that roll,
I wept when the waters went over His soul ;
Yet thought not that my sins had nailed to the tree
"JEHOVAH TSIDKENU " : 'twas nothing to me.

When free grace awoke me, by light from on high,
Then legal fears shook me, I trembled to die ;
No refuge, no safety in self could I see —

"JEHOVAH TSIDKENU " my Saviour must be.

My terrors all vanished before that sweet name,
My guilty fears banished, with boldness I came
To drink of the fountain, life-giving and free ;
"JEHOVAH TSIDKENU " is all things to me.

E'en treading the valley, the shadow of death,
This " watchword " shall rally my faltering breath,
For while from life's fever my God sets me free,
"JEHOVAH TSIDKENU " my death-song shall be.

LIFE IN A LOOK

Christ hath
Redeemed
Us

"There is none righteous, no, not one ; for all have sinned, and come short of the glory of God " (Rom. 3. 10, 23).

"When we were yet without strength, in due time Christ died for the ungodly " (Rom. 5. 6).

"The wages of sin is death ; but the gift of God is eternal life through Jesus Christ our Lord " (Rom. 6. 23).

"Christ hath redeemed us from the curse of the law, being made a curse for us " (Gal 3. 13).

"He loved me, and gave Himself for me " (Gal. 2. 20).

"The Lord hath laid on Him the iniquity of us all " (Isa. 53. 6).

"Through this man is preached unto you the forgiveness of sins : and by Him all that believe are justified from all things " (Acts 13. 38, 39).

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"There is therefore now no condemnation to ^{Believest} them which are in Christ Jesus" (Rom. 8. 1).
^{Thou}

"For God sent not His Son into the world to condemn the world; but that the world through Him might be saved" (John 3. 17).

"Believest thou this?" (John 11. 26).

PRINTED BY
HAZELL, WATSON AND VINEY, LD.,
LONDON AND AYLESBURY,
ENGLAND.

